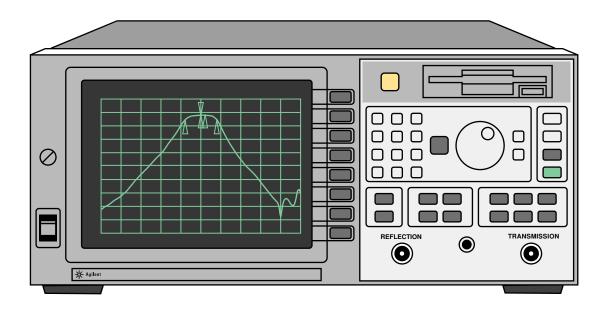


# Agilent 8711C/8712C/8713C/8714C RF Economy Network Analyzers

Data Sheet

8711C and 8712C, 300 kHz to 1.3 GHz 8713C and 8714C, 300 kHz to 3.0 GHz



This document describes the system performance of the Agilent Technologies 8711C, 8712C, 8713C, and 8714C network analyzers, and provides two kinds of information:

Specifications describe the instruments' warranted performance over the temperature range of  $25^{\circ} \pm 5^{\circ}$ C, unless otherwise stated.

Supplemental characteristics are typical but nonwarranted performance parameters. These are denoted as "typical," "nominal," or "approximate."



# **Specifications**

#### **Measurement Ports**

3711C and 8712C 50 and 75 ohm	8713C and 8714C
10 1D	
10 dB	40 dB
30 dB	30 dB
14 dB typical	23 dB typical at <1.3 GHz, 20 dB typical at >1.3 GHz
30 dB	30 dB
18 dB typical	20 dB typical at <1.3 GHz, 18 dB typical at >1.3 GHz
	±0.04 dB typical

This table shows the residual Agilent 8711C, 8712C, 8713C, and 8714C system specifications. These characteristics apply at an environmental temperature of 25°  $\pm 5^{\circ}$ C, with less than 1°C deviation from the calibration temperature. Directivity and source match specifications apply after calibration.

#### Source

Frequency	
Range	300 kHz to 1.3 GHz (8711C and 8712C)
	300 kHz to 3.0 GHz (8713C and 8714C)
Resolution	1 Hz
Stability	±5 ppm 0°C to 55°C (typical)
Accuracy	1) ±5 ppm at 25°C ±5°C
	2) <1 Hz at 10% change in line voltage
Harmonics	<-20 dBc, <1 MHz for 8711C and 8712C
	<-30 dBc, >1 MHz for 8711C and 8712C
	<-30 dBc for 8713C and 8714C
Output Power	
Resolution	0.01 dB
Level accuracy	±1.0 dB
	±1.5 dB Option 1EC1
	±2.0 dB Option 1E1
	±3.0 dB Option 1EC1 and 1E1

# Maximum and Minimum Power (dBm)

		8711C and 8712C			8713C and 87	14C
	≤1.0 GHz		>1.0 GHz			
Options	minimum power	maximum power	minimum power	maximum power	maximum power	maximum power
No options	0	16	0	13		10
1E1	-60	15	-60	12	-60	9
1EC <sup>1</sup>	-3	13	-3	10	-8	7
1DA	-2	14	-2	11	<b>-9</b>	6
1E1 and 1EC1	-60	12	-60	9	-60	6
1E1 and 1DA	-60	13	-60	10	-60	5
1EC1 and 1DB	<b>–</b> 5	11	-5	8	-12	3
1EC1, 1E1, and 1DB	-60	10	-60	7	-60	2

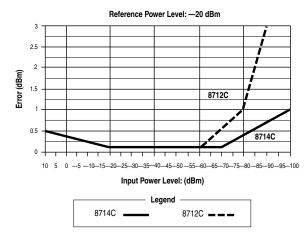
<sup>1.</sup> All power specifications with Option 1EC (75 ohms) are typical above 2.0 GHz.

# Receiver

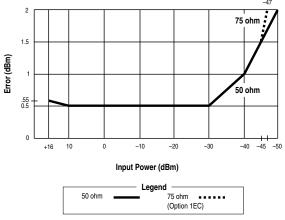
	8711C and 8712C	8713C and 8714C
Frequency range		
Narrowband	300 kHz to 1.3 GHz	300 kHz to 3.0 GHz
Broadband	0.01 to 1.3 GHz	0.01 to 3.0 GHz
<b>Dynamic range</b> <sup>2</sup> Narrowband		
50 ohm	>100 dB, ≥ 5 MHz	>100 dB
	(+10 to -90 dBm)	(+10 to -90 dBm)
	>60 dB, <5 MHz	
	(+10 to -50 dBm)	
75 ohm	>97 dB, >5 MHz	>97 dB
	(+10 to -87 dBm)	(+10 to -87 dBm)
	>57 dB, <5 MHz	•
	(+10 to -47 dBm)	
Broadband	•	
50 ohm	> 66 dB	>66 dB
	(+16 to -50 dBm)	(+16 to -50 dBm)
75 ohm	> 63 dB	>63 dB
	(+16 to -47 dBm)	(+16 to -47 dBm)
Maximum input		
Narrowband .	+10 dBm	+10 dBm
(0.5 dB compression)		
Broadband	+16 dBm	+16 dBm
(0.55 dB compression)		
Damage level	+23 dBm,	+23 dBm,
-	±25 VDC	±25 VDC
Trace noise <sup>3</sup>		
Medium BW	±0.2 dB	±0.2 dB

- 2. Receiver dynamic range is calculated as the difference between maximum receiver input level and receiver's noise floor. System dynamic range applies to transmission measurements only, since reflection measurements are limited by directivity. Noise floor is specified as the mean trace noise at specified CW frequencies. A signal at this level would have a signal to noise ratio of 3 dB. Noise floor is measured with test ports terminated in loads, response and isolation calibration, 15 Hz IF bandwidth, 10 dB source power, and no averaging.
- 3. Measured at 0 dBm, excluding frequency response, transmission measurement.

# **Receiver Dynamic Accuracy**



# Narrowband



**Broadband** 

# **Supplemental Data**

#### **Source Signal Purity**

	8711C and 8712C	8713C and 8714C
Nonharmonic spurious		
≥50 kHz from carrier	<-20 dBc, <1 MHz <-30 dBc, ≥1 MHz	<-30 dBc
<50 kHz from carrier	<-25 dB	<-25 dBc
Phase noise (at 10 kHz offset)	-70 dBc/Hz	–67 dBc/Hz
Residual AM (in 100 kHz bandwidth)	<-50 dBc	<-50 dBc
Residual FM	<1.5 kHz	<1.5 kHz
30 Hz to 15 kHz	peak	peak

### **Display Characteristics**

**Amplitude** Display resolution

0.01 dB/division Reference level range: ±500 dB

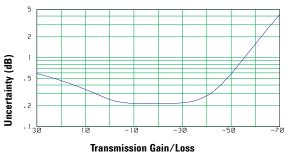
resolution: 0.01 dB

#### 8712C and 8714C

Phase

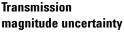
Range ±180° 0.1°/division Display resolution 0.01° Marker resolution Reference level range ±360° resolution 0.01° Polar scale range 10μ to 1M/division

# **Typical Measurement Uncertainty** for Agilent 8714C at 1.3 GHz

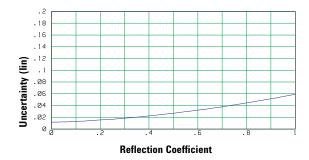


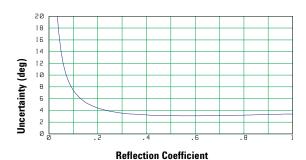


# **Transmission**









# Reflection magnitude uncertainty

# Reflection phase uncertainty

These graphs show the measurement uncertainty for the Agilent 8714C. The assumptions made to generate these curves were: For transmission uncertainty, S11 = S22 = 0.0; and for the reflection uncertainty,  $S_{21} = S_{12} = 0.0$ . Reflection

tracking = 0.01 dB, transmission tracking = 0.03 dB (computed from match terms), and trace noise = 0.25 dB. Power = 0 dBm for reflection measurements, and -20 dBm for transmission measurements, fine system bandwidth.

# **Group Delay**

# AM Delay (Option 1DA/1DB)

This option adds amplitude modulation group delay capability, which allows measurements of group delay through frequency-translation devices such as tuners or mixers. Using two external scalar detectors (Agilent 86200B or 86201B) and a power splitter (all included) this option measures group delay in any device that does not have limiting circuits, saturated amplifiers, or automatic gain control.

Aperture55.56 kHzResolution1 ns/divisionAccuracy4±4 ns

Delay range 30 µsec (9000 m)

Amplitude range -10 to +13 dBm (typical)

# AM Delay Dynamic Accuracy (typical)5

Power	Delay
0 to 10 dB	±10 ns
10 to 20 dB	±20 ns

## **Group Delay**

Group delay is computed by measuring the phase change within a specified frequency step (determined by the frequency span, and the number of points). This is also known as d(phi)/d(omega).

#### **Aperture**

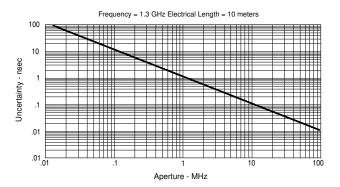
Maximum aperture: 20% of frequency span Minimum aperture: (frequency span) / (number of points -1)

#### Range

The maximum delay is limited to measuring no more than  $180^{\circ}$  of phase change within the minimum aperture. Range = 1/(2 x minimum aperture)

### Accuracy

The following graph shows group delay accuracy at  $1.3~\mathrm{GHz}$  with type-N transmission calibration and  $15~\mathrm{Hz}$  IF bandwidth. Insertion loss is assumed to be  $<2~\mathrm{dB}$  and electrical length to be ten meters.



Group delay accuracy

<sup>4.</sup> Specified at 0 dBm, 16 averages, well-matched device, normalized.

<sup>5.</sup> Normalized at +10 dBm.

# **Characteristics**

#### Measurement

# **Number of display measurements**

Two simultaneous measurements available

#### Measurements

- Narrowband: reflection (A/R), transmission (B/R), A, B, R
- Broadband: X, Y, Y/X, X/Y, Y/R\*, power (B\*, R\*), conversion loss (B\*/R\*)

#### **Formats**

- · Rectilinear: log or linear magnitude, SWR
- Phase, group delay, real and imaginary, Smith chart, and polar (8712C and 8714C only)

#### **Data markers**

Each display channel has eight markers. Markers are coupled between channels. Any one of eight markers can be the reference marker for delta marker operation. Annotation for up to four markers can be displayed at one time.

#### Marker functions

Markers can be used for various functions: marker search, mkr to max, mkr to min, mkr  $\rightarrow$  target, mkr bandwidth, mkr delta frequency, mkr delta amplitude, and notch. Also with user-defined target values, mkr  $\rightarrow$  center, mkr  $\rightarrow$  reference, mkr  $\rightarrow$  electrical delay are available. The tracking function enables continuous update of marker search values on each sweep.

For testing cable TV broadband amplifiers, the slope and flatness functions enable rapid tuning. Marker statistics enable measurement of the mean, peak-to-peak, and standard deviation of the data between two markers.

#### Storage

#### Internal memory

380 Kbytes of nonvolatile storage is available to store up to 20 instrument states via the save/recall menu. Instrument states can include all control settings, active limit lines, memory trace data, active calibration coefficients, and custom display titles.

#### Disk drives

Data, instrument states (including calibration data), and IBASIC programs can also be stored on disk, using the built-in disk drive. Data can be stored to disk in MS-DOS (R) format. Data can be stored in binary, PCX, HP-GL, or ASCII formats.

# **Data Hardcopy**

#### **Data plotting and printing**

Hard copy plots are automatically produced with HP-GL compatible digital plotters such as the HP 7475A. Hardcopy prints can be dumped to compatible graphics printers such as the HP DeskJet or LaserJet (in single color or multicolor format). The analyzer provides Centronics, RS-232C, GPIB, and LAN interfaces.

#### **Data listings**

Printouts of instrument data are directly produced with a printer such as any HP DeskJet or LaserJet.

#### **CRT formats**

Single-channel, dual-channel overlay (both traces on one graticule), or dual-channel split (each trace on separate graticules).

#### **Trace functions**

Display current measurement data, memory data, or current measurement with memory data simultaneously. Vector division of current linear measurement values and memory data.

#### **Display annotations**

Start/stop, center/span, or CW frequency, scale/division, reference level, marker data, soft key functions, warning and caution messages, titles, clock, and pass/fail indication.

#### Limit lines

Create test limit lines that appear on the display for pass/fail testing. Limits may be any combination of lines or discrete points. Limit test TTL output available for external control or indication. Limit lines are only available in rectilinear formats.

# Remote Programming Via GPIB Interface

GPIB interface operates to IEEE 488.2 and SCPI standard interface commands.

#### Pass control

Allows the analyzer to request control of the GPIB (when an active controller is present) output to a plotter or printer.

#### System controller

Lets the analyzer become the controller on the GPIB bus to directly control a plotter or a printer.

#### **Data transfer formats**

- ASCII
- 32- or 64-bit IEEE 754 floating point format
- Mass memory transfer commands allow file transfer between external controller and analyzer.

# Remote Programming Via LAN SCPI Interface

Analyzer can be controlled by sending SCPI commands via TCP/IP to port 5025.

#### **FTP Interface**

Instrument state and data files can be transferred via FTP. Dynamic data disk provides direct access to instrument states, screen dumps, trace data, and operating parameters.

# Determining Optimal Sweep Speed and Dynamic Range

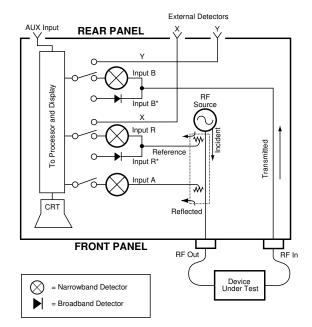
Dynamic range, sweep time, and IF Bandwidth are interdependent quantities. Reducing sweep time usually results in a decrease in dynamic range. A compromise must be made depending upon the application. The following charts will help in making these tradeoffs. All data determined from preset conditions, except as noted.

# Agilent 8714C dynamic range vs IF BW (typical)

nic range

# Measurement sweep times (msec) (typical)

		8711C a	and 8712C	8713C a	and 8714C
IF BW	Span	fwd	cycle	fwd	cycle
Medium	Full	132	159	182	223
Wide	Full	64	72	118	159
Wide	200 MHz	51	59	68	87



Agilent 8711C/8712C/8713C/8714C block diagram

# **Determining Automated Test Configuration**

These charts show that IBASIC CSUBs can access the trace data faster than an external computer. Also, if only a few trace points need to be queried, using markers can be faster.

# Trace Transfer Time via GPIB (in milliseconds)

#### Entering trace data into the \$700 workstation:

Formatted Real, 64 <10 <12 20 34 105 Formatted Real, 32 <10 11 20 24 62			Number	of points		
Formatted Real, 64 <10 <12 20 34 105 Formatted Real, 32 <10 11 20 24 62	Data	Format	11 5	201	401	1601
Formatted Real, 32 <10 11 20 24 62	Formatted	ASCII	14 43	3 160	305	1200
	Formatted	Real, 64	<10 <	12 20	34	105
0 . 1 40011 00 70 004 574 0000	Formatted	Real, 32	<10 1	20	24	62
Corrected ASCII 20 79 294 574 2239	Corrected	ASCII	20 79	9 294	574	2239
Corrected Real, 64 <10 16 31 50 172	Corrected	Real, 64	<10 10	31	50	172
Corrected Real, 64 <10 12 23 34 110	Corrected	Real, 64	<10 12	2 23	34	110
Corrected Int, 16 <10 11 20 26 69	Corrected	Int, 16	<10 1	20	26	69

### **Entering trace data into IBASIC using CSUBs:**

		Num	ber of p	oints		
Data	Format	11	51	201	401	1601
Corrected	Real, 64	7	7	10	15	39
Formatted	Real, 64	7	7	9	13	32

### **Entering a single marker via GPIB:**

CALC1: MARK1: Y? <10 ms
-------------------------

# **Calibration**

#### **Measurement Calibration**

Calibration significantly reduces measurement uncertainty due to errors caused by system directivity, source match, reflection tracking, and crosstalk. These analyzers reduce systematic errors with a built-in calibration so that measurements can be made on many devices without performing a user calibration.

For greater accuracy, especially for special test setups, the analyzers offer one-port reflection calibration to remove reflection errors. For transmission measurements, the analyzers offer a response calibration to remove transmission tracking errors, a response and isolation calibration to remove transmission tracking and crosstalk errors, and enhanced response calibration to remove transmission tracking and source match errors.

The interpolated mode recalculates the error coefficients when the test frequencies or the number of points are changed. The resulting frequency range must be within or equal to the user calibration frequency span. System performance is not specified for measurements with interpolated error correction applied.

# Calibrations Available Transmission Measurements

#### Normalization

Simultaneous magnitude and phase correction of frequency response errors for transmission measurements. Requires a through connection. Used for both narrowband and broadband measurements. Does not support interpolation.

# Response

Simultaneous magnitude and phase correction of frequency response errors for transmission measurements. Requires a through connection.

#### Response and isolation

Compensates for frequency response and crosstalk errors. Requires a load termination on reflection and transmission ports and a through connection.

#### • Enhanced response

Compensates for frequency response and source match errors. Requires open, short, load, and through connections.

#### **Reflection Measurements**

#### · One-port calibration

Calibrates reflection port to correct directivity, tracking, and source match errors. Requires an open, short, and load.

#### **Calibration Kits**

Data for several standard calibration kits are stored in the instrument for use by calibration routines. They include:

- 3.5 mm
- type-F 75 ohm
- type-N 50 ohm
- type-N 75 ohm

In addition you can also describe the standards for a user-defined kit (for example, open-circuit capacitance coefficients, offset short length, or fixed loads).

The following calibration kits available from Agilent contain precision standards in many different connector types. For further information, consult the *RF Economy Network Analyzer Configuration Guide*, literature number 5965-1461.

#### Agilent 85032B/E 50-ohm type-N calibration kit

Contains precision 50 ohm type-N standards used to calibrate the analyzer to measure devices with 50 ohm type-N connectors. E versions do not contain adaptors or female standards.

#### Agilent 85036B/E 75-ohm type-N calibration kit

Contains precision 75 ohm type-N standards to calibrate the analyzer to measure devices with 75 ohm type-N connectors. E versions do not contain adaptors or female standards.

# Agilent 85039A type-F calibration kit

Contains 75 ohm type-F standards to calibrate the analyzer to measure devices with type-F connectors.

#### Agilent 85033D Option 001 3.5 mm calibration kit

Contains precision 3.5 mm standards to calibrate the analyzer to measure devices with 3.5 mm or SMA connectors.

# **Options**

# **Standard Options**

75 ohms (Option 1EC)

Provides 75 ohm system impedance.

# Step attenuator (Option 1E1)

This option adds a built-in  $60~\mathrm{dB}$  step attenuator, extending the source output power low-end range to  $-60~\mathrm{dBm}$ .

### **IBASIC (Option 1C2)**

This option adds a resident IBASIC system controller, facilitating automated measurements, and control of other devices. Using keystroke recording for the simplest applications, or an optional keyboard to write complex control and calculation programs, IBASIC improves productivity by customizing your measurements.

# AM delay (Option 1DA [50 ohm], 1DB [75 ohm])

This option adds amplitude modulation group delay capability, which allows measurements of group delay through frequency-translation devices such as tuners or mixers. Using two external scalar detectors (Agilent 86200B or 86201B) and a power splitter (all included) this option measures group delay in any device that does not have limiting circuits, saturated amplifiers, or automatic gain control.

# Fault location and structural return loss software (Option 100)

For fully characterizing cable performance, this software package provides *both* fault location and structural return loss. Structural return loss is a special case of return loss measurements. Physical damage of cable, by handling or manufacturing process, causes reflections. Structural return loss occurs when these periodic reflections sum at half-wavelength spacing and reflect the input signal.

### LAN (Option 1F7)

This option adds a LAN interface and firmware to support data and control via direct connection to a 10 Base-T (Ethertwist) network. Both TCP/IP and FTP protocols are supported.

# Special Options Switching test sets

Switching test sets enhance productivity by allowing multiple measurements with a single connection to the device under test. They are available in several configurations. Please contact your Agilent sales representative for more information.

# **General Characteristics**

#### **Front Panel Connectors**

Connector type type-N female Impedance 50 ohms (standard)

75 ohms (Option 1EC)

Probe power +15V 200 mA

-12.6V 250 mA

# **Rear Panel Connectors**

External reference 10 MHz, > -5 dBm,

50 ohm BNC

### **Auxiliary input**

The auxiliary input measures the DC level at each sweep point. If the slew rate on this input exceeds 700 mV/msec, increased measurement errors will result.

Calibrated range ±10V

Accuracy  $\pm (3 \% \text{ of reading } +20 \text{ mV})$ 

Damage level >15 Vdc

#### **External trigger**

This normally high open-collector TTL line will under normal circumstances, output a negative pulse for each data point measured.

### Limit test output

This normally high open-collector line is pulled low whenever a limit test fails.

#### User TTL input/output

This open-collector line may be used to output a "high sweep" signal, as an input to trigger the "Fast Save/Recall" function, or it may be programmed as an input/output signal using IBASIC.

# VGA video output

Provides VGA compatible video signal.

### **GPIB**

Allows communications with compatible devices including external controllers, printers, plotters, and power meters.

#### X and Y external detector inputs

Provides for two external detector inputs. See the *Agilent 86200B and 86201B Data Sheet*, literature number 5962-9931E.

# **Parallel port**

This 25-pin female connector is used with parallel (or Centronics interface) peripherals such as printers and plotters. It can also be used as a general-purpose I/O port, with control provided by IBASIC.

#### LAN

This RJ-45 connector allows direct connection to a 10 Base-T (Ethertwist) network. TCP/IP protocol is supported.

#### RS-232C

This 9-pin male connector is used with serial peripherals such as printers and plotters.

#### Mini-DIN keyboard

This 6-pin-connector is used for adding an IBM PC-AT compatible keyboard for titles, remote front-panel operation, and for IBASIC programming (Option 1C2).

#### Line power

47 to 60 Hz

115V nominal (90V to 132V) or 230V nominal (198V to 264V) 230 VA max.

A third-wire ground is required.

# **Environmental Characteristics**

# **General conditions**

RFI and EMI susceptibility defined by CISPR Publication 11.

ESD (electrostatic discharge) should be minimized by the use of static-safe work procedures and an antistatic bench mat (such as an Agilent 92175T).

The sealed flexible rubber keypad protects key contacts from dust, but the environment should be as dust-free as possible for optimal reliability.

# **Operating environment**

Temperature 0° to 55°C

Humidity 5% to 95% at 40°C

(noncondensing)

Altitude 0 to 4,500 meters

(15,000 feet)

# Storage conditions

Temperature —40°C to +70°C

Humidity 0 to 90% relative at +65°C

(noncondensing)

Altitude 0 to 15,240 meters

(50,000 feet)

#### **Cabinet dimensions**

The following dimensions exclude front and rear panel protrusion: 179 mm H  $\times$  425 mm W  $\times$  514 mm D (7.0 in  $\times$  16.75 in  $\times$  20.25 in)

### Weight

Net 20.5 kg Shipping 30 kg

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